

RESEARCH NETWORKING PROJECT 'LANGUAGE AND GENDER: ACADEMIC RESEARCH AND PRACTICAL IMPLEMENTATION'

Opening event 17/11/2023

Sofie Decock & Sarah Van Hoof DUTCH



WHO WE ARE

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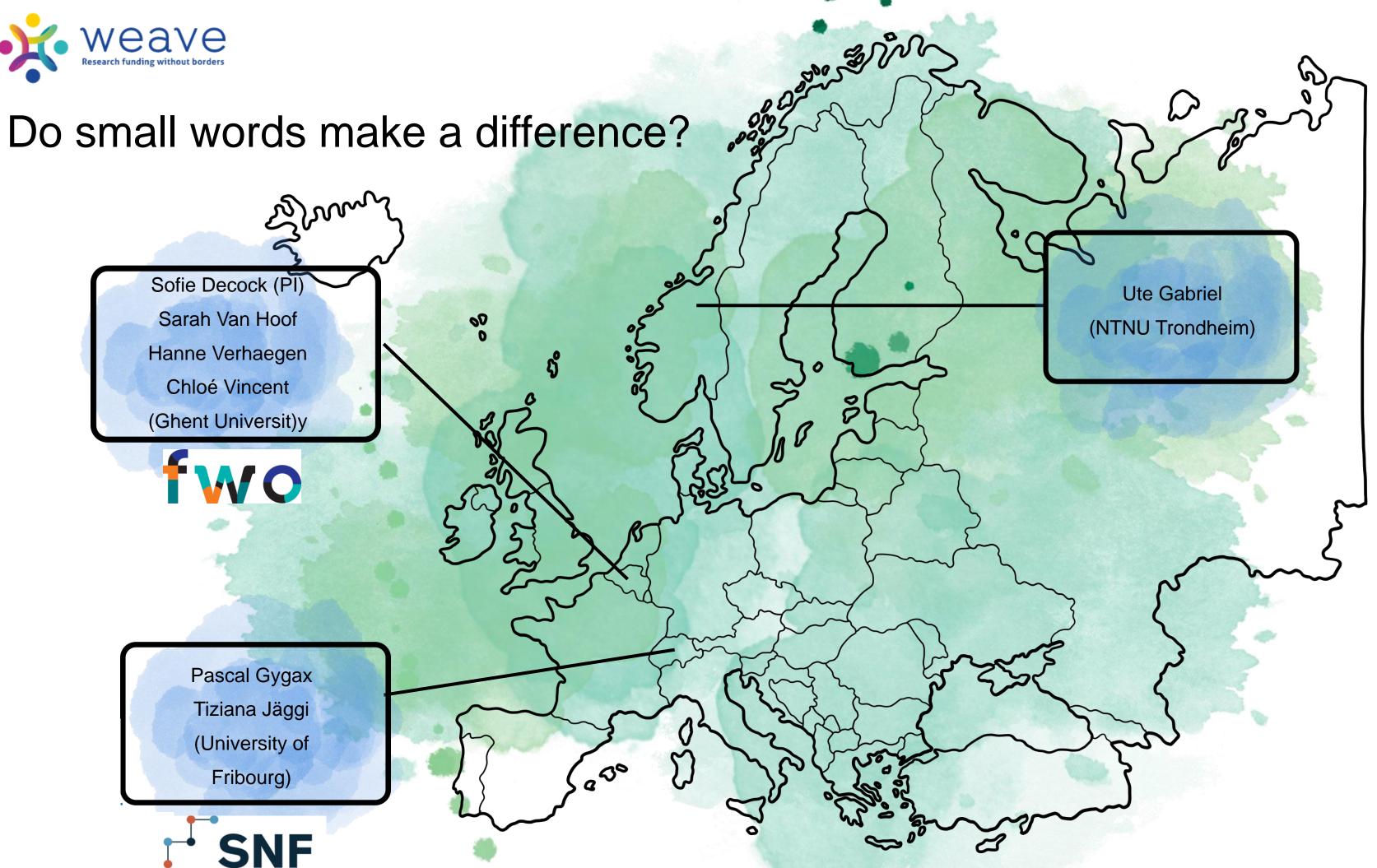


JOINT RESEARCH PROJECT (WEAVE)

Do small words make a difference? Investigating the effects of gender-neutral pronouns on mental gender representations and perceptions of text quality in Dutch, French and Norwegian (2023-2027)







GOAL

- to experimentally study, in 3 languages, 3 possible uses of genderneutral 3rd person pronouns:
 - 1. for reference to **nonbinary** individuals Sasha went out yesterday. **They** had a great time with **their** friends.
 - 2. for **generic** reference If a reader like this book, **they** may want to read other books by this author too.
 - 3. for **specific gender-hiding** reference *I had a discussion with a student over their assignment. I told them they needed to respect the deadline.*



GOAL

- For all 3 types of usage we will investigate the effects of gender-neutral 3rd person pronouns on
 - readers' mental gender representations
 - readers' perceptions of text quality: text comprehensibility and appreciation
- We will take into account respondents' familiarity with and attitudes towards gender-neutral 3rd person pronouns and their attitudes towards nonsexist language and the gender binary
- We hope to get into view
 - the implementation (acceptance and diffusion) of the pronouns in real time
 - by comparing 3 languages, the cross-linguistic and cross-cultural differences affecting the chances at success of gender-neutral 3rd person pronouns



FIRST RESULTS

- A study of the comprehensibility and appreciation of 3rd person pronouns for nonbinary reference
- Focus on hen-hen-hun and die-hen-hun in Flemish Dutch, in newspaper reporting
- Online survey experiment
- Representative sample of 352 Belgian participants



MAIN TAKE-AWAYS

- Only hen-hen-hun significantly lowered text appreciation compared to binary pronouns
- No evidence for negative impact of gender-neutral pronouns on text comprehensibility
- Low familiarity (compared to Swedish hen or English they): 46,3% of respondents not yet familiar with gender-neutral pronouns (January 2022)
- Attitudes towards gender-neutral pronouns were neutral to slightly negative (January 2022)



READ MORE

Decock, S., Van Hoof, S., Soens, E., & Verhaegen, H. (2023). The comprehensibility and appreciation of non-binary pronouns in newspaper reporting. The case of *hen* and *die* in Dutch. Applied Linguistics. https://doi.org/10.1093/applin/am ad028







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PREVIOUS RESEARCH ON LANGUAGE USERS' PROCESSING AND APPRECIATION OF GENDER-**NEUTRAL PRONOUNS**

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SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

REFERENCES

Footnotes

Supplementary data

JOURNAL ARTICLE

The comprehensibility and appreciation of nonbinary pronouns in newspaper reporting. The case of hen and die in Dutch

Sofie Decock ▼, Sarah Van Hoof, Ellen Soens, Hanne Verhaegen

Applied Linguistics, amad028, https://doi.org/10.1093/applin/amad028

Published: 02 June 2023







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Abstract

This paper examines the effect of the recently introduced Dutch non-binary 3rd person pronouns hen and die on tesssxt comprehensibility and text appreciation in the context of newspaper reporting on non-binary persons. Moreover, it presents a first measurement of Flemish people's familiarity with and attitudes towards this pronominal reform in Dutch in its early stage. In a survey experiment we compared the use of non-binary hen and die (both combined with hen as object and hun as possessive form) with established referential strategies. We also examined the potential mediating role of perceived awkwardness of the referential strategy used and tested the moderating effect of cueing, i.e. making readers aware of the fact that the person reported on identifies as non-binary and prefers non-binary pronouns. The results show that perceived awkwardness explains the lower comprehensibility and appreciation scores of non-binary hen and that cueing improves those scores. Overall, our findings suggest that especially the nonbinary pronoun die has the potential to be successfully implemented.

Issue Section: Article

ADDITIONAL ONGOING RESEARCH ON GI-LANGUAGE

Laura Robaey

PROJECTS

PUBLICATIONS

TEACHING

Projects as PhD researcher

→ Gender-sensitive language use in interpreter-mediated interactions between service providers and transgender or non-binary persons (2023 - 2029) Supervisor: Sofie

Decock

Co-supervisor:

Jelena Vranjes



ADDITIONAL ONGOING RESEARCH ON GI-LANGUAGE

The influence of the Genderstern on text comprehensibility in a GFL-context (German as a Foreign Language)

Researchers involved:

- Lisa Zacharski, Evelyn Ferstl (University of Freiburg)
- Sofie Decock (Ghent University)
- Griet Boone (Antwerp University)



THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

