



# Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Policy For Queen Mary University of London (Security)

## 1 Introduction

Queen Mary University of London uses closed circuit television (CCTV) images to provide a safe and secure environment for students, staff and visitors, and to protect University property.

This document sets out the accepted use and management of the CCTV equipment and images to ensure the University complies with the Data Protection Act 1998, Human Rights Act 1998 and other legislation.

The University has produced this policy in line with the Information Commissioner's CCTV Code of Practice.  
[WWW.ico.org.uk](http://www.ico.org.uk)

## 2 Purpose of CCTV

### *Policy*

The University has installed CCTV systems to:

- deter crime
- assist in prevention and detection of crime
- assist with the identification, apprehension and prosecution of offenders
- assist with the identification of actions that might result in disciplinary proceedings against staff and students
- monitor security of campus buildings
- Identify vehicle movement problems around the campuses.

### *Guidance*

Before installing and using CCTV on University premises, the following steps have been taken:

- Assess and document the appropriateness of and reasons for, using CCTV.
- Establish and document the purpose of the proposed scheme.
- Establish and document who is responsible for day-to-day compliance with this policy.
- Because CCTV involves the processing of personal data, register the scheme with the Information Access Officer before using the system, so s/he can ensure it is covered by the University's Notification with the Office of the Information Commissioner.

## **3 Covert recording**

### *Policy*

The University may only undertake covert recording with the written authorisation of the local authority, Police and Head of Security and Emergency Planning

Where:

- informing the individual(s) concerned that the recording is taking place would seriously prejudice the reason for making the recording;
- There is good cause to suspect that an illegal or unauthorised action(s) is/are taking place or about to take place.

### *Guidance*

Any such monitoring will only be carried out for a limited and reasonable amount of time consistent with the objectives of the monitoring, and only for a specific unauthorised activity.

All such occasions will be fully documented showing who made the decision to use covert monitoring and why.

## 4 Cameras

### *Policy*

The University will make every effort to position cameras so that they only cover University premises.

No cameras will focus on University residential accommodation. Camera operators will receive training and written procedures for maintaining the privacy of the occupants of such accommodation.

The University will clearly display signs so that staff, students and visitors are aware they are entering an area covered by CCTV.

### *Guidance*

If, for any reason, any neighbouring domestic areas that border the University's property are included in the camera view, the occupants of the property will be consulted prior to any recording, or recording for those areas will be disabled.

Signs will state:

- QMUL is responsible for the CCTV scheme
- the purpose(s) of the scheme
- Who to contact regarding the scheme.

## 5 Images

### 5.1 Quality

#### *Policy*

Images produced by the equipment must be as clear as possible so that they are effective for the purpose(s) for which they are intended.

### *Guidance*

The following standards must be adhered to:

- After installation, make an initial check of the equipment to ensure it works properly.
- Where the location of the camera and time/date are recorded, these should be accurate. Document the system for ensuring accuracy.
- Site the cameras so they will capture images relevant to the purpose(s) for which the scheme has been established.
- Assess whether it is necessary to carry out constant real-time recording, or only at certain times when suspect activity usually occurs or is likely to occur.
- Cameras should be properly maintained and serviced and maintenance logs kept.
- Protect cameras from vandalism so that they are kept in working order.
- In the event that cameras break down or are damaged, there should be clear responsibility for getting them repaired and working within a specific time period.

## **5.2 Retention**

### *Policy*

Images and recordings will be held in accordance with the Data Protection Act.

### *Guidance*

For digital recording systems, CCTV images held on the hard drive of a PC or server will be overwritten on a recycling basis once the drive is full, and in any event, will not be held for more than 14 days. Images stored on removable media such as USB will be erased or destroyed once the purpose of the recording is no longer relevant. Recording media no longer in use will be securely destroyed.

## 6 Access to and disclosure of images to third parties

Access to, and disclosure of, images recorded on CCTV will be restricted and carefully controlled. This will ensure that the rights of individuals are retained, and also ensure that the images can be used as evidence if required. Images can only be disclosed in accordance with the purposes for which they were originally collected, and in accordance with the University's Notification to the Office of the Information Commissioner.

This document separates access and disclosure into two subsections.

### 6.1 Access to images

#### *Policy*

Access to recorded images will be restricted to those staff authorised to view them, and will not be made more widely available.

Monitors displaying images from areas in which individuals would have an expectancy of privacy should only be seen by staff authorised to use the equipment.

Viewing of recorded images should take place in a restricted area to which other employees will not have access while viewing is occurring.

If media on which images are recorded are removed for viewing purposes, this should be documented.

Images retained for evidence should be securely stored.

#### *Guidance*

Document the following information when media are removed for viewing:

- Date and time they were removed
- The name of the person removing the media
- The name(s) of the person(s) viewing the images.
- The name of the University department to which the person viewing the images belongs, or the person's organisation if they are from outside the University.
- The reason for viewing the images
- The date and time the media were returned to the system or secure storage.

## 6.2 Disclosure of images

### *Policy*

Disclosures to third parties will only be made in accordance with the purpose(s) for which the system is used and will be limited to:

- police and other law enforcement agencies, where the images recorded could assist in a specific criminal enquiry and/or the prevention of terrorism and disorder
- prosecution agencies
- relevant legal representatives
- people whose images have been recorded and retained (unless disclosure to the individual would prejudice criminal enquiries or criminal proceedings)
- in exceptional cases, to others to assist in identification of a victim, witness or perpetrator in relation to a criminal incident
- Members of staff involved with University disciplinary processes.

**The Head of Security and Emergency Planning or a nominated Security Manager, are the only person who can authorise disclosure of information to the police or other law enforcement agencies.**

All requests for disclosure should be documented. If disclosure is denied, the reason should also be recorded.

### *Guidance*

In addition to the information required in section 6.1 above, the following should be documented:

- If the images are being removed from the CCTV system or secure storage to another area, the location to which they are being transferred.
- Any crime incident number, if applicable.
- The signature of the person to whom the images have been transferred.

## 7 Individuals' access rights

### *Policy*

The Data Protection Act 1998 gives individuals the right to access personal information about themselves, including CCTV images.

All requests for access to images by individuals (when they are asking for access to images of themselves) should be made in writing to the Head of Security and Emergency Planning.

The manager responsible for the system will liaise with the Head of Security and Emergency Planning to determine whether disclosure of the images will reveal third-party information.

Under the Freedom of Information Act 2000, a copy of this policy will be provided to anyone making a written request for it.

### *Guidance*

Requests for access to CCTV images must include:

- the date and time when the images were recorded
- the location of the CCTV camera
- further information to identify the individual, if necessary

The University will respond promptly and at the latest within 40 days of receiving the fee and sufficient information to identify the images requested.

If the University cannot comply with the request, the reasons must be documented. The requester will be advised of these in writing, where possible.

If there is any doubt about what information must be provided to enquirers, please contact the Head of Security and Emergency Planning.



## **8 Responsibility for CCTV systems**

The overall responsibility lies with the Head of Security and Emergency Planning.

Day-to-day responsibility is as follows:

- Mile End: Security Manager
- Whitechapel: Security Manager
- Charterhouse Square: Security Manager

For systems operated on QMUL property any other internal CCTV, the overall responsibility lies with the Head of Security and Emergency Planning or a nominated Security Manager

## **9 Staff Training**

The Head of Security and Emergency Planning and all Security Managers will ensure that staff handling CCTV images or recordings receive training on the operation and administration of the CCTV systems. In addition, they will ensure training is provided on the impact of the Data Protection Act 1998 with regard to those systems.

## **10 Complaints**

Complaints and enquiries about the operation of the University's CCTV systems should be addressed to those having day-to-day responsibility, as listed in section 8 above.

Enquiries relating to the Data Protection Act should be addressed to the Head of Security and Emergency Planning.

If a complainant or enquirer is not satisfied with the response received, they should write to the Assistant Director Estates and Facilities (Residential Services and Events)

## **11 Monitoring Compliance**

Heads of relevant areas will undertake occasional reviews to ensure updating of knowledge and compliance with this policy and relevant legislation.

