

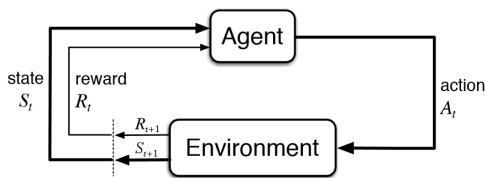
“Can AI Choose the Right Data Types for us?” Reinforcement Learning for Automatic Software Tuning

Xiao Zheng, Yuanxin Xu, Yujia Guo, Zihao Li
Project Leader: Matthew Tang

Abstract

It is always a big trouble when we try to analyse codes and programs and try to figure out which is the best way for optimisation. So, what if there is a machine that can automatically help us optimizing our codes? This project sought for solutions by applying reinforcement learning, where the agent would test different predefined optimisation operations and check their outcomes. If the result is satisfied, the agent would output a Q-table that contains the optimisation suggestions.

Design



RL State Transition Diagram

State:

- Code modification records
- Current line number being observed

Action: Skip or make changes

Reward: $\frac{\text{new runtime} - \text{old runtime}}{\text{old runtime}}$

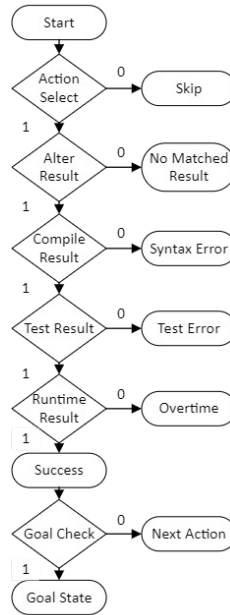
```

1 #include <stdio.h>
2
3 int main() {
4     int n = 10000, sum = 0;
5     for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
6         for (int j = 0; j <= i; ++j) {
7             sum += i + j;
8         }
9     }
10    printf("%d", sum);
11    return 0;
12 }
    
```

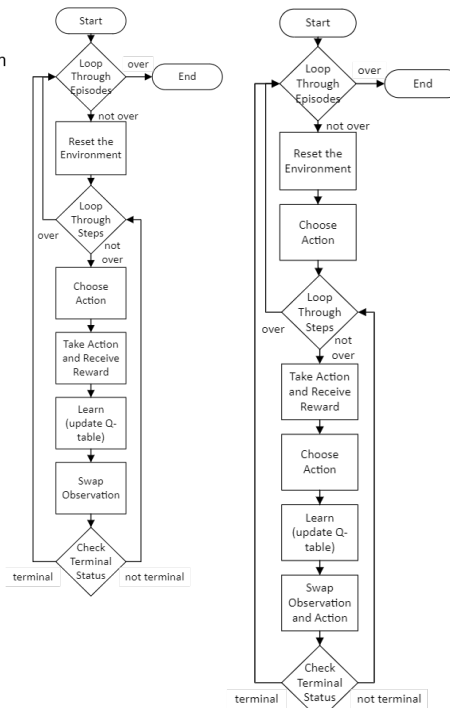
Change: using float instead of int

Mapping code into RL Environment

Implementation



Core Judgement Sequence in Step() (action function)



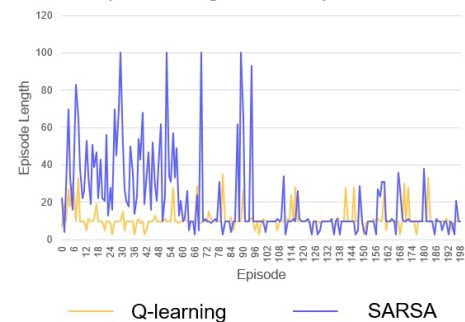
Workflow of Q-learning and SARSA

Result

State \ Action	Reward	
	0	1
0	0.007804	0.000108
1	0.019979	0.000387
2	0.041704	-0.08648
3	0	0.071095
3(3)	0.006085	-0.10466
4(3)	0.021464	0.000156
5(3)	0.065752	0.001038
6(3)	0.001803	0.173146
6(3,6)	0.337665	-0.07726
7(3,6)	0	0.636504
7(6)	0	0.001732
2(3,7)	0	-0.0199
5(3,7)	0.000217	0
6	0	-0.00024
7	0	0.002987

Q-table Result (part)

Episode Length versus Episode



Reward per Step versus Episode



Conclusion

- Reinforcement Learning can be used for optimizing codes and programs, if condition permits.
- Q-learning is better than SARSA in the experimental environment.