



Queen Mary

University of London

Science and Engineering

QMUL-BUPT Joint Programme  
JP Student Innovation Centre  
**Annual Showcase 2021/22**

# Monocular Depth Estimation using Deep Neural Networks

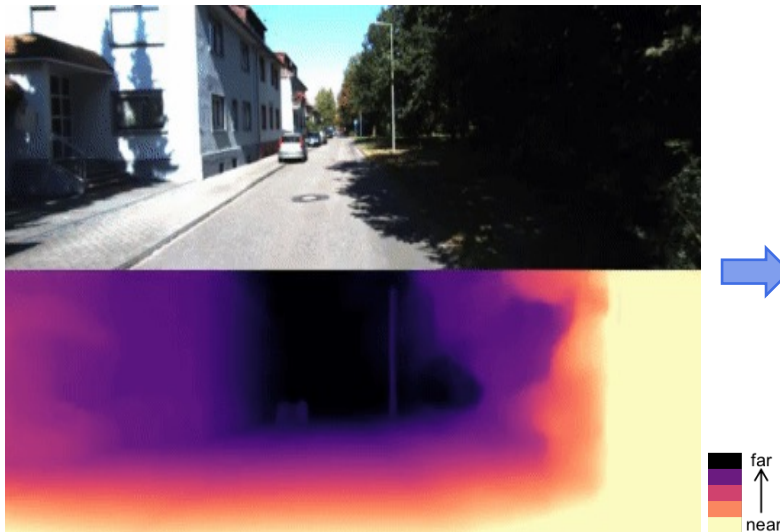
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Student: Yuheng Li

Project Leader: Dr Changjae OH

# Introduction of background

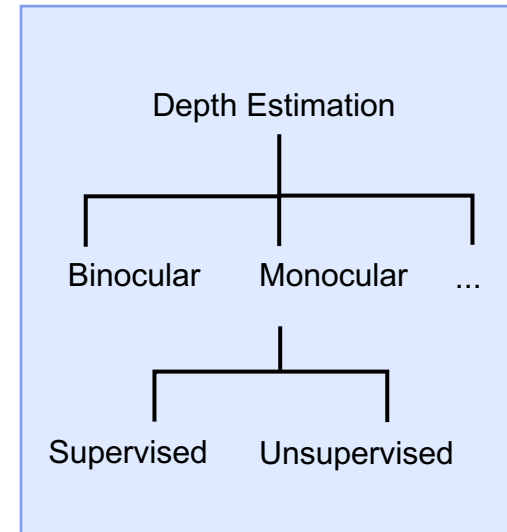
- **Depth estimation:** estimate the distance of each pixel in the image relative to the shooting source
- **Object:** investigate a depth estimation model for **UAV**(unmanned aerial vehicle) based on deep neural networks



Depth estimation in automatic driving



Depth estimation in UAV

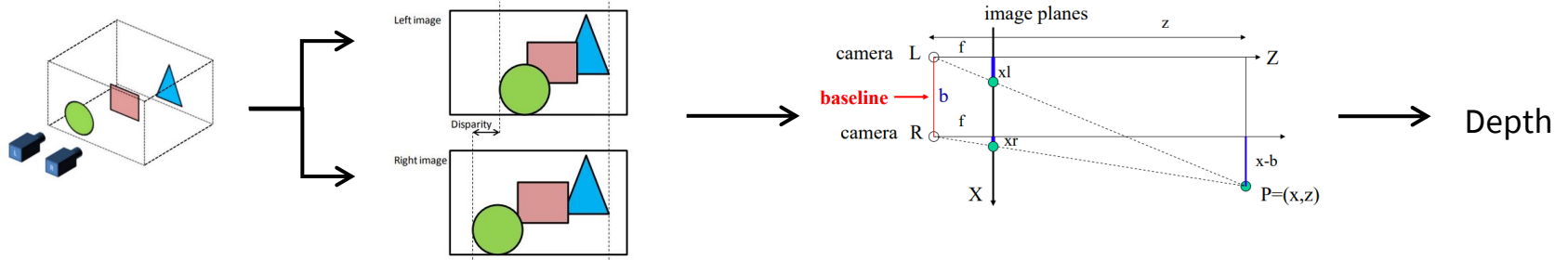



Which is the most suitable for UAV?

# Introduction of background

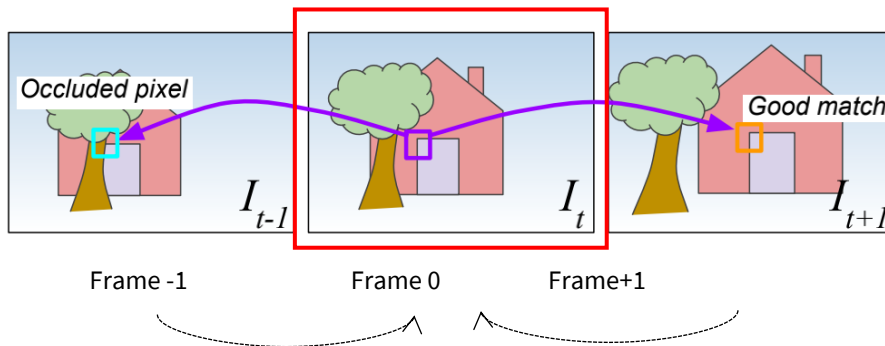
- **Binocular VS. Monocular depth estimation**

- Binocular method — require more devices, not light !

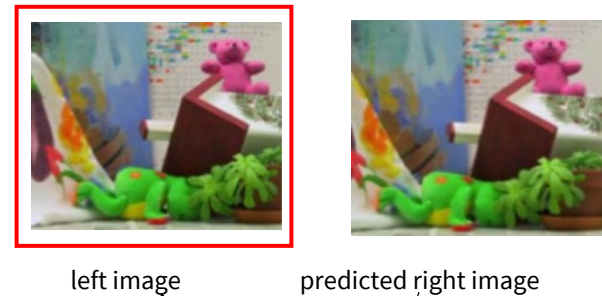


 Monocular method

adjacent frames



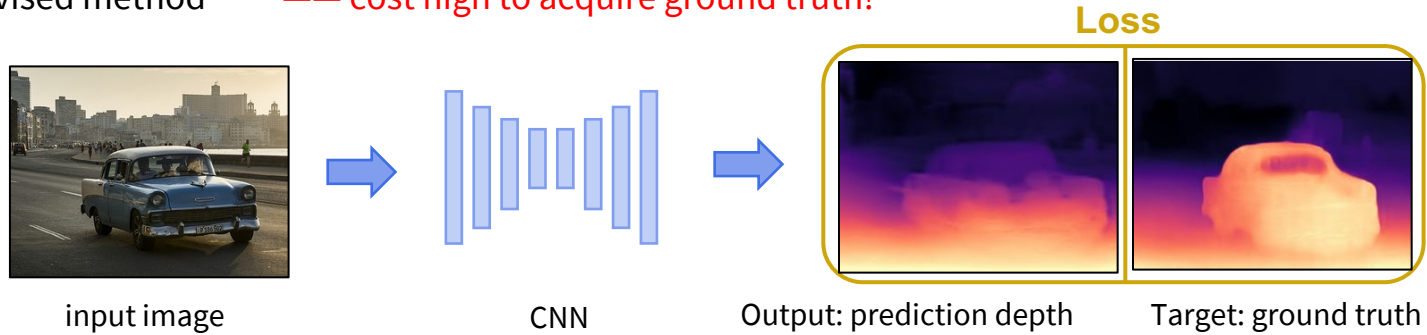
stereo pairs



# Introduction of background

- **Supervised VS. Unsupervised monocular depth estimation**

- Supervised method --- cost high to acquire ground truth!



input image

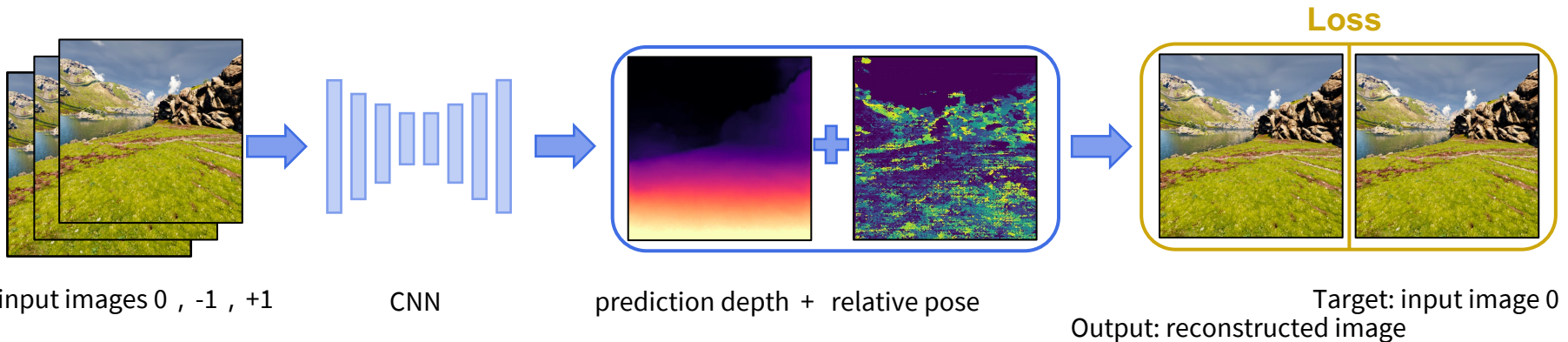
CNN

Output: prediction depth

Target: ground truth



## Unsupervised method



input images 0 , -1 , +1

CNN

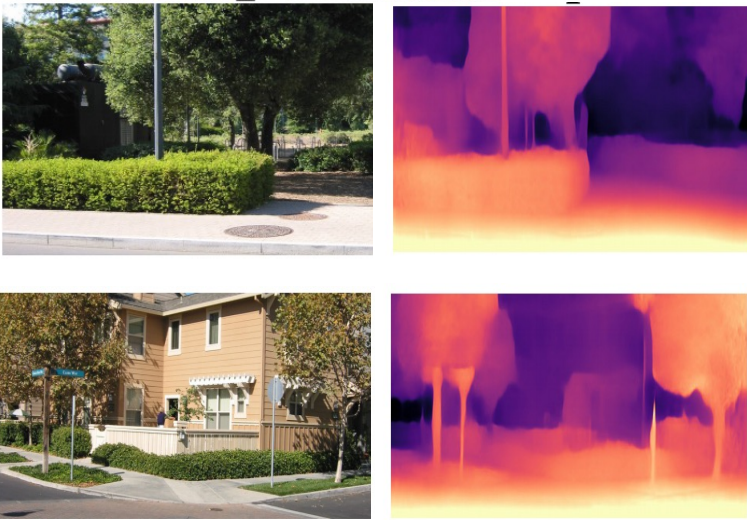
prediction depth + relative pose

Output: reconstructed image  
Target: input image 0

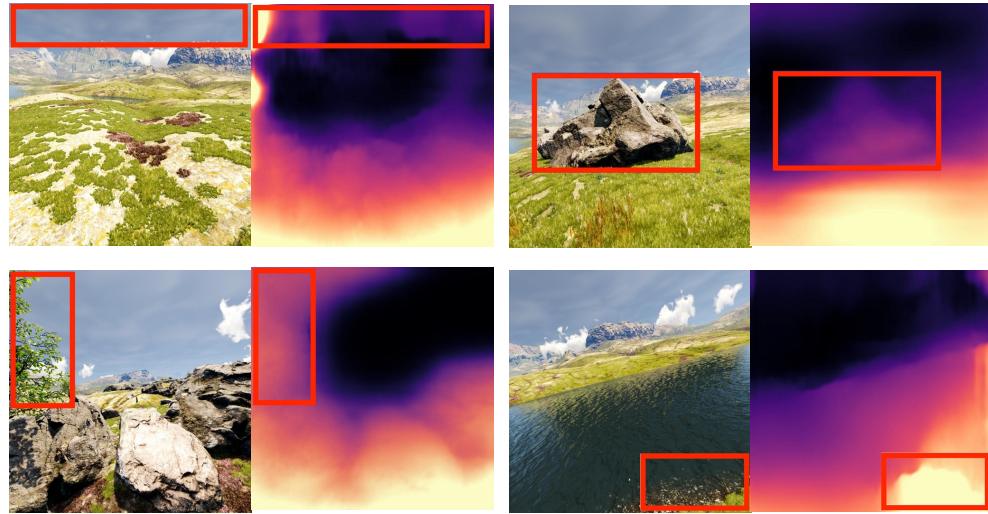
# Introduction of background

- **Baseline model—Monodepth2**

Monodepth2 on **KITTI** dataset



Monodepth2 on **MidAir** dataset



## Strengths of Monodepth2

- **Unsupervised monocular** depth estimation model
- **State-of-art** model in KITTI dataset

## Limitations of Monodepth2

- Almost can't improve the effect of **high-resolution** inputs
- Inaccurate in predicting the depth of **large gradient areas**

# Proposed model SS-MDE

SS-MDE: Self-Supervised Monocular

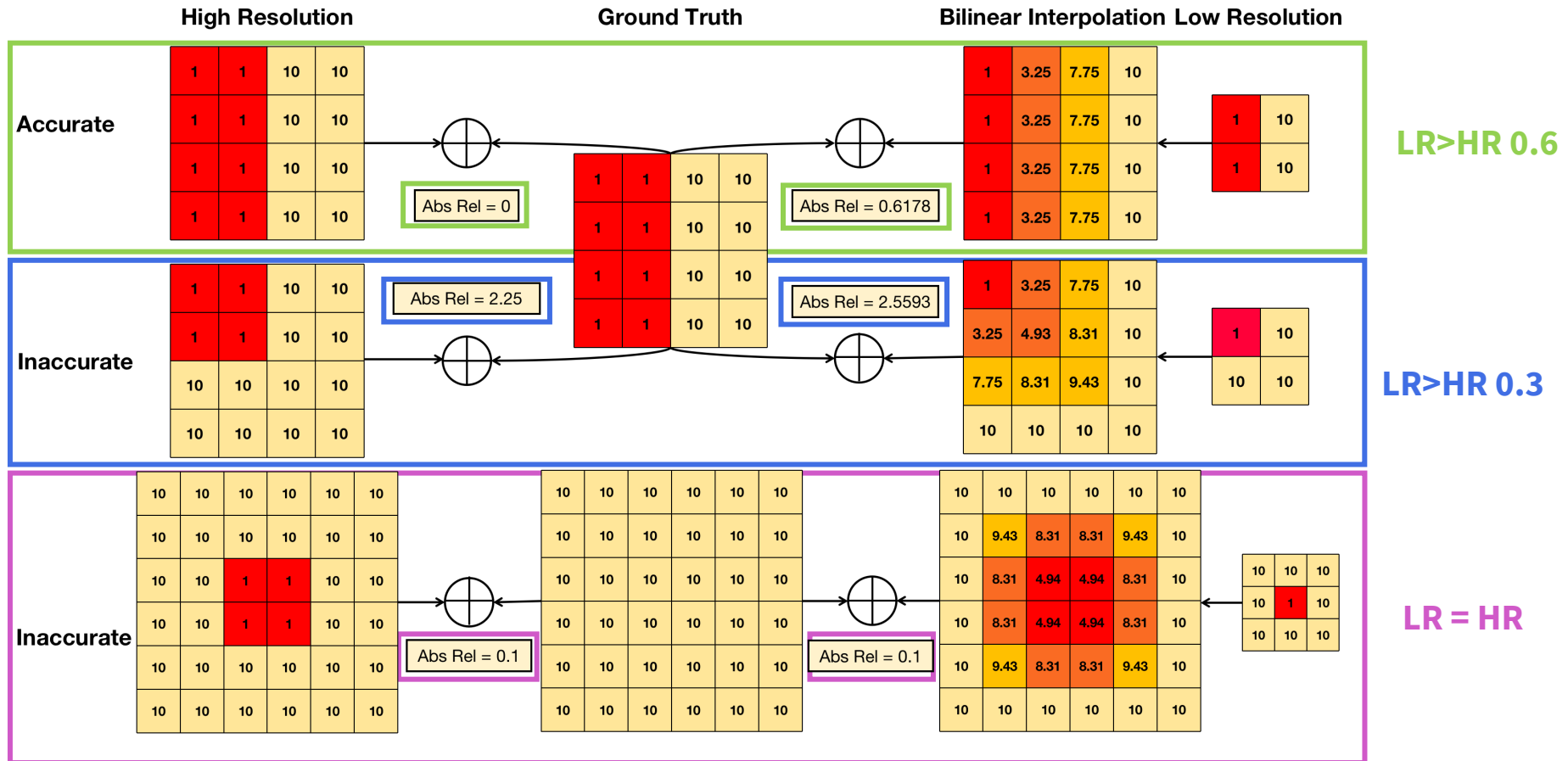
Depth Estimation

HR: High Resolution

LR: Low Resolution

Abs Rel: Absolute relative error

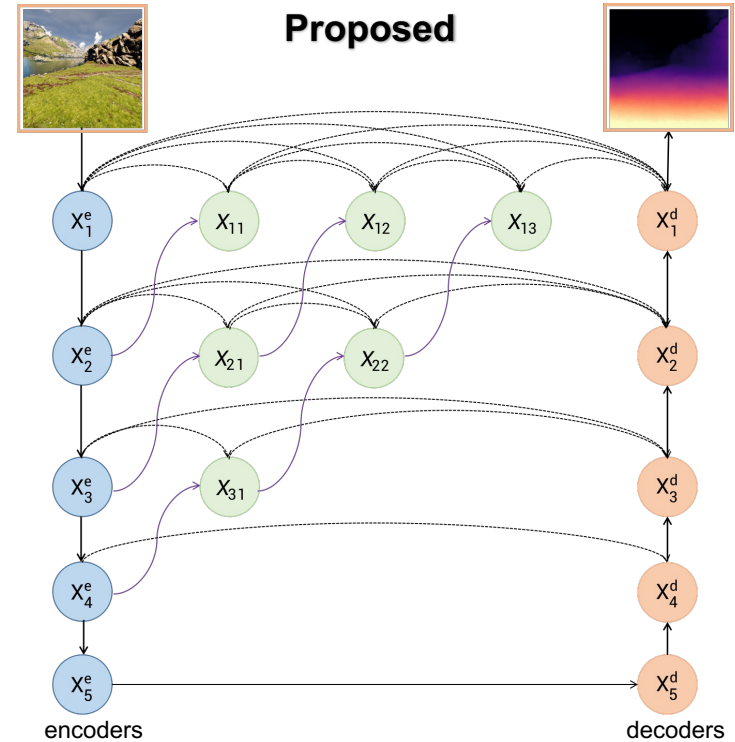
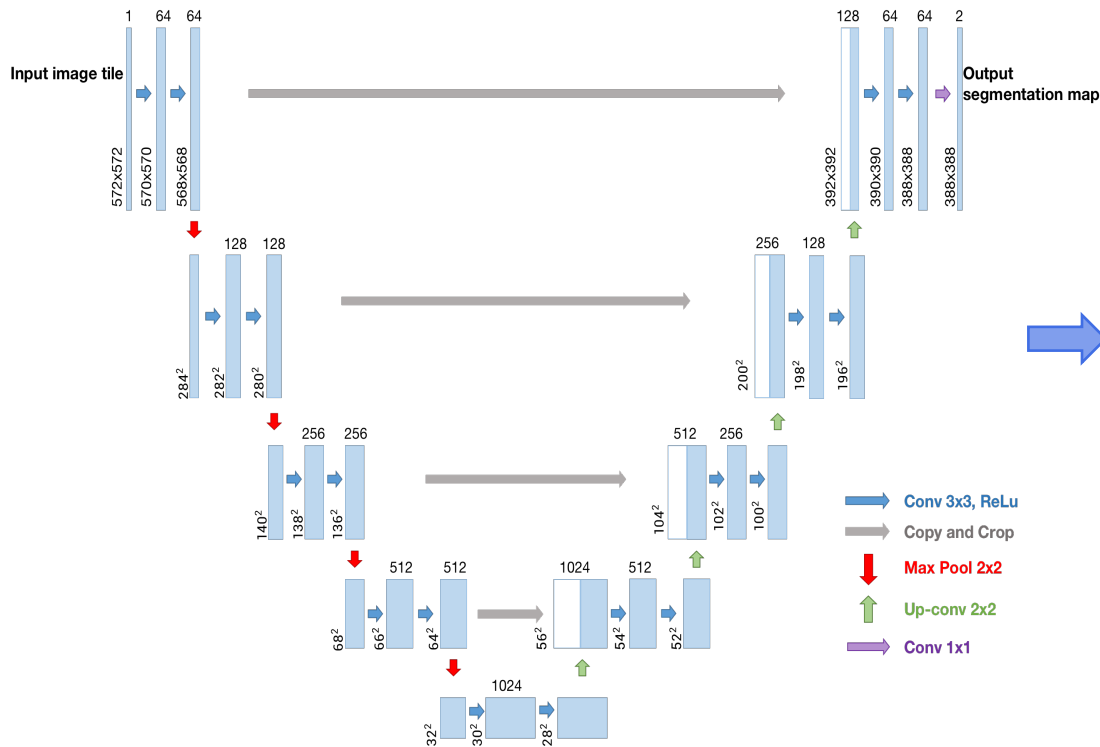
- Idea for improvement—bilinear interpolation



# Proposed model SS-MDE

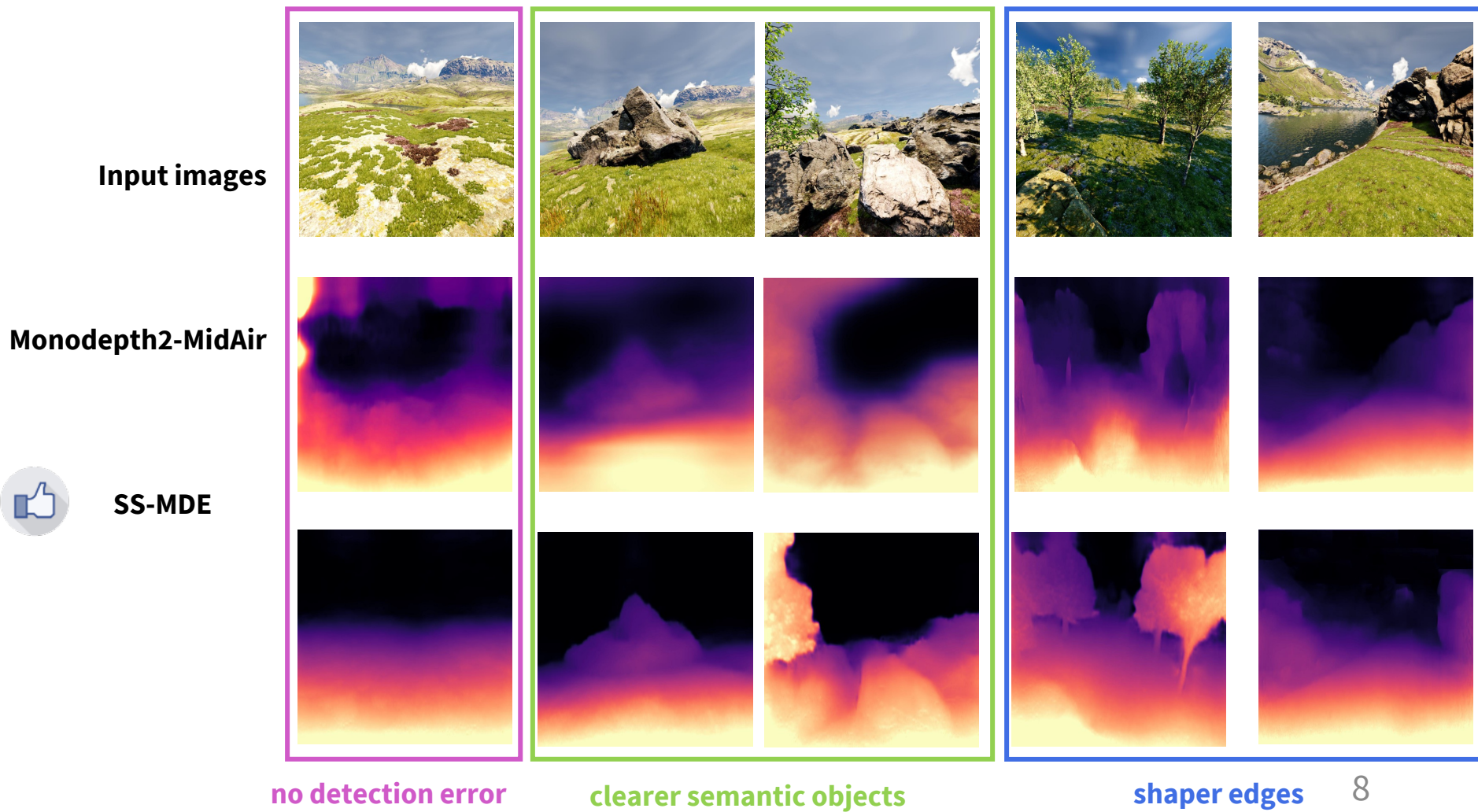
- Depth estimation network-U-net structure**

Zhou, Z., & Rahman Siddiquee, & M., & Tajbakhsh, N., & Liang, J. (2018). Unet++: A nested u-net architecture for medical image segmentation. In Deep learning in medical image analysis and Multimodal Learning for Clinical Decision Support (pp. 3-11). Springer, Cham.



# Results of the experiment

- Qualitative results(tested on MidAir)





# Results of the experiment

- Quantitative results


Abs Rel : Absolute Relative Error

Sq Rel : Squared Relative Error

RMSE : Root Mean Squared Error

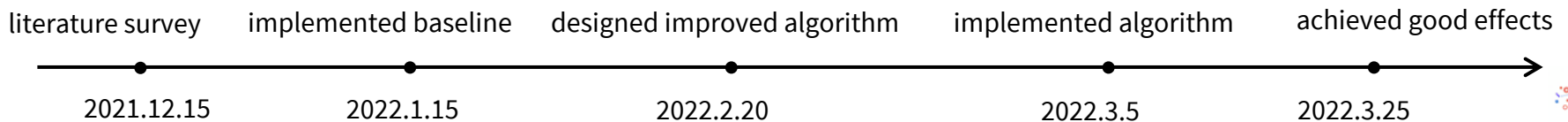
RMSE log : Root Mean Squared Logarithmic Error

$\delta$  : Standard Deviation

Model	Train	Abs Rel↓	Sq Rel↓	RMSE↓	RMSE log↓	$\delta < 1.25 \uparrow$	$\delta < 1.25^2 \uparrow$	$\delta < 1.25^3 \uparrow$
Wang	KITTI	0.241	5.532	12.599	0.368	0.648	0.831	0.911
Monodepth	KITTI	0.314	8.713	13.595	0.438	0.678	0.828	0.895
ST-CLSTM	KITTI	0.404	6.390	13.685	0.438	0.751	0.865	0.911
Monodepth2-KITTI	KITTI	0.717	37.164	74.552	0.882	0.281	0.425	0.521
Monodepth2-MidAir	MidAir	0.135	2.500	13.214	0.222	0.720	0.910	0.996
M4Depth	MidAir	0.143	3.680	<b>8.864</b>	0.246	<b>0.840</b>	0.924	0.959
 <b>SS-MDE</b>	MidAir	<b>0.114</b>	<b>1.742</b>	10.766	<b>0.173</b>	0.791	<b>0.967</b>	<b>0.998</b>

# Summary of my final project

- ✓ Learned deep learning and completed literature survey for monocular depth estimation
- ✓ Implemented the baseline Monodepth2
- ✓ Performed a self-supervised monocular depth estimation in UAV data
- ✓ Designed the algorithm to improve baseline model : dense skip connections in U-Net structure contributing to predicting more accurate depth maps
- ✓ Implemented the algorithm and experiments validated that proposed model SS-MDE achieved state-of-art performance in UAV dataset
- ✓ Realized the application of proposed model SS-MDE with real UAV video and got expected results





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**Thank you**

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